

PROTECTING THE FEVER.

Experts Getting a Firm Grip on Yellow Jack.

ONE MORE DEATH IS REPORTED.

A Minster Succeeded at Ocean Springs, Miss. No New Cases There or at New Orleans—Former Place and Biloxi Isolated—Three New Cases at Biloxi.

Biloxi, Miss., Sept. 8.—Three well defined cases of yellow fever have developed here. They are under guard and no fear is felt.

New Orleans, Sept. 8.—The United States authorities are awaiting the report of Dr. Gutierrez of the University of Pennsylvania, the yellow fever expert, who arrived at Ocean Springs, Miss., today, before the will be convinced that the cases there are yellow fever. Meanwhile disinfecting machinery and marine hospital service officials have been ordered here.

No more cases have been developed here. At the Gelpi residence, where the first and fatal case was reported, the premises were thoroughly impregnated with sulphur and it is believed every lingering germ therein has been killed. The four immediate neighbors, the mother and brother of the boy, are absolutely quarantined. No one is permitted to enter or leave the house, which will be in charge of the board for five days.

The board of health office has been thronged with people desiring to inquire as to the probability of a modification of the sweeping quarantine proclamation so that their friends and relatives sojourning at Mississippi sound resorts might be allowed to come home, and others came to secure health certificates in order that they might leave the city. A trainload of people from the coast were stranded here, the city limits awaiting such action by the board would permit them to come into town.

Complaint has been made that Ocean Springs and Biloxi are being deprived of mail facilities. Arrangements will be made to take the mail from the stations at Ocean Springs and Biloxi by means of four catches. Uninfected points are not affected.

A complete inspection camp has been organized at the Biloxi Hotel, where all persons entering the city must pass. No doubtful case will be allowed to come in. Inspectors have been sent to all the outlying points to make a full and thorough examination of their health and sanitary conditions.

There seems to be no threatened exodus from the city. All but one road reports business outgoing as normal. Only one additional death has been reported at Ocean Springs with symptoms of yellow fever, a mulatto.

No new cases have been reported, Ocean Springs and Biloxi are being cut off from the outside world and the only means of reaching the town are by wire or mail. The telegraph operator there is well known worked to death.

Serious suffering is certain to follow. It is said there is only one ton of ice in the town and that there is no way to get more. Ice is necessary where fever rages.

HUNDREDS WILL PERISH.

A Government Official Decries the Rush to Biloxi.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The treasury department has made public a letter received from a government official now on the way to the gold fields, stating at the same time that the writer, whose name is withheld, had been 12 years in the service and is thoroughly reliable. It is dated Dyce, Aug. 22, and says in part:

"I have had a long talk with Mr. Ivey, collector of customs for Alaska, who is at present in the country, three miles below here. Mr. Ivey informs me that there are now on Skagway trail something like 1,000 people and 1,000 horses. Sixteen vessels are chartered to land cargoes at that place between now and Sept. 15, and the number of passengers will average 200 to each vessel, making 3,200 more people who will attempt to go in this fall.

"I have talked with some of the most experienced traders and miners in this vicinity, and they are unanimous in the prediction that the influx of this vast number will get through to Dawson before winter sets in. The other 500 or more who are still this side of the lake (24 miles from here) at the present rate of influx about 1,000 will enter the trail by Sept. 10. Mr. Ivey says that the influx of more than 20,000 of 100 will get through. He says if the rush continues another week the resultant loss of life will be appalling.

"I have talked with several men who have recently arrived here from the Klondike, two of whom left the river less than 30 days ago. They unanimously agree that while there is a rich gold field in the Yukon, it is not justifiable to present stampede and they say there is bound to be much suffering and actual starvation. Provisions are already scarce and the price of many articles absolutely prohibitive in the case of a man of ordinary means."

BETTER WHEAT PRICE PREDICTED.

Secretary Wilson Talks After an Extended Tour of Observation.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Secretary Wilson has returned from his tour of the trans-Mississippi states. He went as far west as Montana and Utah, giving special attention to the agricultural interests of the states visited, with particular reference to irrigation. He found the farmers in especially good spirits wherever he went.

"There is no doubt that confidence is restored and that the country is justified in its anticipations of better times. The people are all busy in the west. Indeed I do not believe there is an idle man west of the Mississippi who wants work."

Mr. Wilson predicted a still further advance in the price of wheat, due to the fact that there is only a short crop abroad, but also because of the fact that according to his observation, the crop will not be so extensive in this country as has generally been anticipated.

"With the improvement of the time, the price of wheat, which Americans are going to have all the flour in the family can consume even though he may have to pay a little more for it. I believe that even without the shortage in the foreign crops the conditions in this country would have forced wheat to \$1 a bushel. But," he added, "the improved condition of the farmer is due not alone to the enhanced price in wheat, but there has been a corresponding improvement in all farm products."

CROKER FOR MAYOR.

He Arrives in New York—Inclined to Be a Candidate.

New York, Sept. 8.—Richard Croker has arrived by the American liner steamer New York. Mr. Croker's fellow passengers have come to the conclusion that he is to be the Tammany Hall candidate for mayor of Greater New York. The understanding among Mr. Croker's friends is that he is very strongly inclined to permit the use of his name.

Will Resign to Mayor Harrison.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Members of the Chicago civil service commission will tender their resignations to Mayor Harrison immediately upon his return to the city. This comes as a climax to the long fight between the commission and the Democratic leaders which has been waged since the election last spring.

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Washington, Sept. 8.—The naval board, which has been making inquiries as to the establishment of a government armory factory, has returned to Washington to establish permanent quarters at the navy department.

Wheat Nearing a Dollar.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Wheat is getting close to the dollar mark again. Dealer closed at 99 1/2c.

LIVES A CAUSE AN AMERICAN.

A Cuban Sympathizer Released Through Efforts of Consul General Lee.

New York, Sept. 8.—The Ward line steamer Yumuri, from Tampico and Havana, brought Lorenzo Vives, who was arrested last December at the Hotel Angliere in Havana and imprisoned at Cabanas for five months. Vives is an American citizen. The hotel proprietor, F. Villamil, reported to the Spanish authorities that Vives was a Cuban sympathizer and caused his arrest.

Vives was held at the Cabanas for five months, when he was taken out with a large number of other prisoners to be transported to Africa, but Consul General Lee interfered and demanded his release as an American citizen. Vives was set free and later, through the efforts of General Lee, obtained his release.

Vives admitted that he had been sent out as a secret mission by the Cuban junta, but the Spanish authorities are unable to prove this. He says the only thing that saved him from death was the fact that he was an American citizen.

EXPLORER WELLMAN.

The Journalist to Start for North Pole Again in June.

New York, Sept. 8.—Walter Wellman, the journalist and Arctic explorer, has arrived on the New York from Europe. He has been to Norway and Russia to consult with Dr. Nansen.

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WINNERS THE SESSION.

Delegates From Competitive Fields in Columbus Today.

CONSIDERING PITTSBURGH OFFER.

President Hatchford Thinks It Will Be Accepted—He Says Operators Would Keep Their Mines Closed, if Strikers Held Out for 60-Cent Rate.

COLUMBUS, Sept. 8.—The delegates convention of miners of the competitive coal fields to vote on the offer of the Pittsburgh operators of 65 cents a ton for the rest of the year, as a basis of settling the present strike, convened here today at 10 a. m.

President Hatchford says he believes the miners will accept the 65 cent rate and return to work. "The miners will not accept the proposition like men," he said, "and will be guided by their judgment rather than their desires. Our executive council was unanimous in its recommendation, each member, like myself, feeling that it was his duty to make known the actual condition and recommend according to his judgment. With this done, the case rests in the hands of the miners, and if they see the wisdom of the offer, the responsibility of their failure will be their own and not ours."

I do not, however, anticipate any such contingency. The operators will never pay 60 cents, the rate demanded. It would be cheaper for them to carry out their contracts and keep the mines closed until the first of next year. Now my advice to my fellow miners is to accept the recommendation of the officers. If they reject it they will have to fight it out to the end, and I fear the result. The advance demanded by the miners' organization is 15 cents a ton, or 4 cents less than our present rate.

The gain to the Ohio miners alone, by multiplying the increase by the number of tons produced annually, would amount to \$1,400,000. This is a proportionate advance to all branches of labor around the mines, and would amount to \$1,400,000. This is a proportionate advance to all branches of labor around the mines, and would amount to \$1,400,000.

and to arrange for a steamer and for a large number of dogs. He said that efforts would be made to reach the North pole until the feat was accomplished.

"At least three expeditions will be in the field next year," he said. "The first will be that of Captain Sverdrup in the Fram; another that of Lieutenant Peary in Greenland, and the third the one that will be made by myself in Franz Josef Land."

"My arrangements are to sail from Bergen, Norway, in a staunch ice steamer on June 15. Ten men will comprise the expedition. They will be Norwegian with the exception of two or three Americans. We shall establish a supply station at Cape Flora, leaving two men in charge. We shall set out on our journey toward the pole in the early part of 1899 and shall be equipped for a journey of 100 or 120 days. It will be a journey of about 550 English miles from Cape Flora to the pole."

EUROPEAN WHEAT SHORTAGE.

The United States Will Be Required to Furnish a Vastly Increased Amount.

Washington, Sept. 8.—W. P. Atwell, commercial agent of the United States at Roubaix, France, sends to the state department a report on the short wheat crop in France. He says the wheat crop in France, and in fact in all Europe, has fallen much below the average, and it is estimated that the United States and Canada will be called upon to export from 120,000,000 to 150,000,000 bushels, more than the quantity exported last year. France will require about 60,000,000 to meet the deficiency in that country.

Consul Henshaw at Odessa, Russia, has made quite an extensive report to the state department concerning the failure of the crops in Russia. He says that the wheat crop in the west of the country has been the worst season ever known and grain has been destroyed by both rain and drought. The wheat which was expected to be exported from Russia during the season of 1897-8, as there is little available for that purpose, the old stock is practically exhausted. The new crop little more than sufficient for the home demand. The failure of the crop in Russia is a serious matter.

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DEADLY NITROGLYCERIN.

An Explosion Killed 11 Known and Others Unknown in Ohio.

Cuyahoga, O., Sept. 8.—A terrible explosion of nitro-glycerin has occurred here, which resulted in the death of six people, whose names are known and others at present unknown.

The killed are: Sam Barber, Allen F. Rife, John Thompson, Charles Bartel, Henry Lansdale, and a boy named Henshaw.

Grand well located at the rear of the National Supply company's office building, in the village limits, had just been started by Samuel Barber, the shooter for the Ohio and Indiana Torpedo company. The well was a gaser and when the 120 quarts of glycerin let down into it exploded, the flames shot high above the derrick. As soon as the derrick was struck, the gaser was thrown overboard and the gaser was destroyed.

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